

#### CENTRAL UNIVERSITY OF VENEZUELA Academic Vice-Rectorate Central Curriculum Commission Central Coordination of Undergraduate Studies



Date:	REGISTRATION OF COURSES		RESPONSIBLE OF REGISTRATION:	
AREA OF KN	OWLEDGE	SUB-AREA	UNDERGRADUATE	POSTGRADUATE
BASIC SCIEN	ICES			
ECONOMICS	AND SOCIAL			
SCIENCES				
HEALTH SCI	ENCES			
ENGINEERIN	G,			
ARCHITECTURE AND			X	
TECHNOLOGY				
EDUCATION SCIENCES				
HUMANITIES AND ARTS				
AGRICULTURAL AND SEA				
SCIENCES				
MILITARY AR	TS AND			
SCIENCES				
SAFETY AND	-			
PROTECTION				
INTERDISCIPLINARY				
OTHERS				
ADSCRIPTION	OR BRANCH (ES	<u>s):</u>		
FACULTY	CULTY ARCHITECTURE AND URBANISM			
SCHOOL		ARCHITECTURE		
INSTITUTE				
DEPARTMENT		METHODS SECTOR		
OTHERS				
COURSE:				
NAME		MATHEMATICS I (96)		
CODE		1041		
EXECUTIVE UNIT				
CLASSIFICATION		COMPULSORY / THEORETICAL - PRACTICAL		
APPROVAL D	ATE			
UPDATE DAT	E			
APPROVAL A	UTHORITY			
CREDIT UNITS		FOUR (4)		
HOURS/WEEK		SIX (6)		
REGIMEN		SEMI-ANNUAL		
ACADEMIC P	ERIODS			
REQUIREMENTS		None		
PROFESSOR				





# PURPOSES

Provide a fundamental basis in the formative process of the architecture student introducing it in the comprehension of the mathematical language, which, combined with the learning of problem solving, will result in the intuitive and formal development of the logical thinking processes in the student.

# LEARNING OBJECTIVES

That the student would be able to:

- Understand the location of points and shapes in the plane, assimilate key concepts such as segments, line, distance between points, slopes, and solving of simple problems that interrelate these concepts.
- Understand and develop the concept of relation and real function. Determinate basic features and properties of real functions.
- Identify and employ concepts in different representation domains: natural language, ordered pairs, formulas, graphic representation.
- Analyse the general second-degree equation, identify the corresponding family of conics, find the canonical equation and its notable elements. Solve simple problems of intersections, tangency, etc; related to the conics.
- Apply the concept of limits to analyse the continuity of a function; perform simple calculations of various cases of indeterminate limits; understand the concept of derivative and, in particular, its geometric interpretation; solve problems of tangent line and straight normal line; calculate simple derivatives, applying: the definition of the derivative, the properties of the derivative and the derivation tables (formulas).





## CONTENTS

#### 1. FUNCTIONS:

- Cartesian plane, ordered pair, cartesian product, independent and dependent variables.
- Relation, function, graphic representation, domain and range.
- Functions: Injective, surjective and bijective.
- Functions examples: absolute value functions, identity, constant, affine, algebraic, trigonometrical, exponentials, logarithmical, etc.
- Algebra of functions. Function composition. Inverse functions.

## 2. LINES AND CONICS:

- Distance between two points. Slope of a line. Equations of lines. Intersecting lines.
- Angle between two lines. Parallelism and perpendicularity. Distance from a line to a point.
- Family of lines
- General quadratic equation. Definition, construction, general equation, symmetric equation, remarkable elements and degenerate forms of: the circumference, ellipse, hyperbola and rectangular hyperbola.

## 3. LIMITS AND CONTINUITY:

- Intuitive notion of limit (graphic).
- Limit definition. Properties.
- Algebra of limits
- Intuitive notion of continuity. Definition, examples. Algebra of continuous functions.
- Continuous functions composition.

#### 4. DERIVATIVE:

- Geometrical interpretation of the derivative.
- Tangent line and normal line exercises.
- Definition of the derivative. Derivative rules. Chain rule. Higher order derivatives.





## **INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES**

- The course is organized 60% in theoretical classes, in which the professor state definitions and theorems related to the subject, and 40% intended for practice, where exercises are assigned to students to consolidate the acquired knowledge.
- Through examples, and by means of solving practical exercises: illustrate and analyse the exposed concepts.

#### **INSTRUCTIONAL MEDIA**

Conventional media

## **EVALUATION**

- Course evaluation consists of 3 partial exams.
- Final and make-up exams are prepared in the Sector by the professors of the area.

## **TEXTBOOKS (If possible, according to contents)**

• GUIDE TEXT:

LARSON, HOSTETLER AND EDWARDS. CALCULUS.